

**Meeting of the States Parties  
to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests  
in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and  
under Water for the Organization of the  
Amendment Conference**

PTBT/CONF/M/10

7 June 1990

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

29 May-8 June 1990  
New York

PROVISIONAL AGENDA OF THE AMENDMENT CONFERENCE OF THE STATES  
PARTIES TO THE TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS IN THE  
ATMOSPHERE, IN OUTER SPACE AND UNDER WATER

1. Opening statement by the Secretary-General of the United Nations.
2. Election of the President.
3. Final report of the Meeting for the Organization of the Amendment Conference.
4. Confirmation of the nomination of the Secretary-General of the Conference.
5. Adoption of the Agenda.
6. Adoption of the rules of procedure.
7. Credentials of representatives to the Conference:
  - (a) Appointment of the Credentials Committee;
  - (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
8. Election of other officers.
9. Adoption of arrangements for meeting the costs of the Conference.
10. Programme of Work.
11. General Debate.
12. Consideration of the Proposed Amendment to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water as provided for in its article II, including reports of the Committees.
13. Other matters.
14. Adoption of final document/report of the Conference.
15. Closure of the Conference.

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**Meeting of the States Parties  
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PTBT/CONF/M/11

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DRAFT RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE AMENDMENT CONFERENCE OF  
THE STATES PARTIES TO THE TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPON  
TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, IN OUTER SPACE AND UNDER WATER

I. REPRESENTATION AND CREDENTIALS

Delegations of parties to the Treaty

Rule 1

1. Each State party to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and Under Water (hereinafter referred to as "the Treaty") may be represented at the Conference by a head of delegation and such other representatives, alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

2. The head of delegation may designate an alternate representative or an adviser to act as a representative.

Credentials

Rule 2

The credentials of representatives and the names of alternate representatives and advisers shall be submitted to the Secretary-General of the Conference, if possible not less than one week before the date fixed for the opening of the Conference. Credentials shall be issued either by the Head of the State or Government or by the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Credentials Committee

Rule 3

The Conference shall establish a Credentials Committee composed of the Chairman, one Vice-Chairman elected in accordance with rule 5, and five members appointed by the Conference on the proposal of the President. The Committee shall examine the credentials of representatives and report to the Conference without delay.

Provisional participation

Rule 4

Pending a decision of the Conference on their credentials, representatives shall be entitled to participate provisionally in the Conference.

II. OFFICERS

Election

Rule 5

The Conference shall elect the following officers: A President and 10 Vice-Presidents as well as a Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Credentials Committee.

Acting President

Rule 6

1. If the President is absent from a meeting or any part thereof, he shall designate a Vice-President to take his place.
2. A Vice-President acting as President shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

Voting rights of the President

Rule 7

The President, or a Vice-President acting as President shall not vote, but shall appoint another member of his delegation to vote in his place.

### III. GENERAL COMMITTEE

#### Composition

##### Rule 8

1. The General Committee shall be composed of the President of the Conference, who shall preside, 10 Vice-Presidents and the Chairman of the Credentials Committee. No two members of the General Committee shall be members of the same delegation and it shall be so constituted as to ensure its representative character.

2. If the President is unable to attend a meeting of the General Committee, he may designate a Vice-President to preside at such meeting and a member of his delegation to take his place. If a Vice-President is unable to attend, he may designate a member of his delegation to take his place. If the Chairman of the Credentials Committee is unable to attend, he may designate the Vice-Chairman to take his place, with the right to vote unless he is of the same delegation as another member of the General Committee.

#### Functions

##### Rule 9

The General Committee shall assist the President in the general conduct of the business of the Conference and, subject to the decisions of the Conference, shall ensure the co-ordination of its work.

### IV. CONFERENCE SECRETARIAT

#### Duties of the Secretary-General of the Conference

##### Rule 10

1. There shall be a Secretary-General of the Conference. He shall act in that capacity in all meetings of the Conference, its committees and other appropriate bodies established under rule 35, and may designate a member of the secretariat to act in his place at these meetings.

2. The Secretary-General of the Conference shall direct the staff required by the Conference.

Duties of the secretariat

Rule 11

The secretariat of the Conference shall, in accordance with these rules:

- (a) Interpret speeches made at meetings;
- (b) Receive, translate and circulate the documents of the Conference;
- (c) Publish and circulate any report of the Conference;
- (d) Make and arrange for the keeping of sound recordings and summary records of meetings;
- (e) Arrange for the custody of the documents of the Conference in the archives of the United Nations and provide authentic copies of these documents to each of the depositary Governments, and
- (f) Generally perform all other work that the Conference may require.

Costs

Rule 12\*

1. The costs of the Conference, including the Meeting for its organization, will be met by States parties to the Treaty who participate in the Meeting or the Conference and by States which have signed but not yet ratified the Treaty and which accept the invitation to participate in the Meeting or the Conference.

2. The costs will be shared in accordance with the United Nations scale of assessment, subject to the adjustments below:

(a) The three Original Parties specified in Article III 2 of the Treaty will pay, as offered by them, one third of the cost.

(b) No State party or signatory will be required to pay more than the largest contributor under the United Nations scale of assessment.

3. The outstanding costs arising from the above will be met by voluntary contributions.

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\* It is understood that the financial arrangements for the Amendment Conference and the Meeting for its organization do not constitute a precedent.

## V. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

QuorumRule 13

A majority of the States parties to the Treaty participating in the Conference shall constitute a quorum.

General powers of the PresidentRule 14

1. In addition to exercising the powers conferred upon him elsewhere by these rules, the President shall preside at the plenary meetings of the Conference; he shall declare the opening and closing of each meeting, direct the discussion, ensure observance of these rules, accord the right to speak, ascertain consensus, put questions to the vote and announce decisions. He shall rule on points of order. The President, subject to these rules, shall have complete control of the proceedings and over the maintenance of order thereat. The President may propose to the Conference the closure of the list of speakers, a limitation on the time to be allowed to speakers and on the number of times the representative of each State may speak on a question, the adjournment or the closure of the debate and the suspension or the adjournment of a meeting.

2. The President, in the exercise of his functions, remains under the authority of the Conference.

Points of orderRule 15

A representative may at any time raise a point of order, which shall be immediately decided by the President in accordance with these rules. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the President. The appeal shall be immediately put to the vote, and the President's ruling shall stand unless overruled by a majority of the representatives present and voting. A representative may not, in raising a point of order, speak on the substance of the matter under discussion.

SpeechesRule 16

1. No one may address the Conference without having previously obtained the permission of the President. Subject to rules 15, 17 and 19-22, the President shall call upon speakers in the order in which they signify their desire to speak.

2. Debate shall be confined to the subject under discussion and the President may call a speaker to order if his remarks are not relevant thereto.

3. The Conference may limit the time allowed to speakers and the number of times the representative of each State may speak on a question; permission to speak on a motion to set such limits shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour of and to two opposing such limits, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. In any event, the President shall limit interventions on procedural questions to a maximum of five minutes. When the debate is limited and a speaker exceeds the allotted time, the President shall call him to order without delay.

#### Precedence

##### Rule 17

The Chairman of a committee may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusions arrived at by his committee.

#### Closing of list of speakers

##### Rule 18

During the course of a debate, the President may announce the list of speakers and, with the consent of the Conference, declare the list closed. When the debate on an item is concluded because there are no more speakers, the President shall declare the debate closed. Such closure shall have the same effect as closure pursuant to rule 22.

#### Right of reply

##### Rule 19

Notwithstanding rule 18, the President may accord the right of reply to a representative of any State participating in the Conference. Such statements shall be as brief as possible and shall, as a general rule, be delivered at the end of the last meeting of the day.

#### Suspension or adjournment of the meeting

##### Rule 20

A representative may at any time move the suspension or the adjournment of the meeting. No discussion on such motions shall be permitted and they shall, subject to rule 23, be immediately put to the vote.

Adjournment of debate

Rule 21

A representative may at any time move the adjournment of the debate on the question under discussion. Permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour of and to two opposing the adjournment after which the motion shall, subject to rule 23, be immediately put to the vote.

Closure of debate

Rule 22

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate on the question under discussion, whether or not any other representative has signified his wish to speak. Permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives opposing the closure, after which the motion shall, subject to rule 23, be immediately put to the vote.

Order of motions

Rule 23

The motions indicated below shall have precedence in the following order over all proposals or other motions before the meeting:

- (a) To suspend the meeting;
- (b) To adjourn the meeting;
- (c) To adjourn the debate on the question under discussion;
- (d) To close the debate on the question under discussion.

The Amendment to the Treaty and submission of other proposals and substantive amendments

Rule 24

1. The Amendment to the Treaty to be considered by the Conference is the amendment proposal submitted in accordance with Article II of the Treaty by Indonesia, Mexico, Peru, Sri Lanka, Venezuela and Yugoslavia (PTBT/CONF/M/3).

2. Other proposals and substantive amendments thereto shall normally be submitted in writing to the Secretary-General of the Conference, who shall circulate copies to all delegations. Unless the Conference decides otherwise, such

proposals and substantive amendments shall be discussed or decided on no earlier than 24 hours after copies have been circulated in all languages of the Conference to all delegations.

#### Withdrawal of proposals and motions

##### Rule 25

A proposal or a motion may be withdrawn by its sponsor at any time before a decision on it has been taken, provided that it has not been amended. A proposal or a motion thus withdrawn may be reintroduced by any representative.

#### Decision on competence

##### Rule 26

Any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the Conference to adopt a proposal submitted to it, shall be decided upon before a decision is taken on the proposal in question.

#### Reconsideration of proposals

##### Rule 27

Proposals under rule 24, paragraph 2 adopted by consensus may not be reconsidered unless the Conference reaches a consensus on such reconsideration. When such a proposal has been adopted or rejected by a majority or two-thirds vote, it may not be reconsidered unless the Conference, by a two-thirds majority of the members present and voting, so decides. Permission to speak on a motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the motion, after which it shall be immediately put to the vote.

### VI. VOTING AND ELECTIONS

#### Adoption of decisions

##### Rule 28

1. Approval of the Amendment Proposal referred to in rule 24 (1) shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Article II (2) of the Treaty which reads:

"Any amendment to this Treaty must be approved by a majority of the votes of all the Parties to the Treaty, including the votes of all the Original Parties".

2. Every effort should be made to adopt decisions by consensus. If this is not possible, then decisions on matters of procedure shall be taken by a simple majority of the representatives present and voting. Decisions on other matters shall be taken by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting, without prejudice to paragraph 1.

3. If the question arises whether the matter is or is not one of procedure, the President of the Conference shall rule on the question. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the President. The appeal shall be immediately put to the vote and the President's ruling shall stand unless overruled by a simple majority of the representatives present and voting.

4. In cases where a vote is taken in accordance with paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 above, the relevant rules of procedure relating to voting of the General Assembly of the United Nations shall apply, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

#### Reconsideration of decisions

##### Rule 29

Decisions adopted by consensus may not be reconsidered unless the Conference reaches a consensus on such reconsideration. When a decision has been adopted or rejected by a majority or two-thirds vote, it may not be reconsidered unless the Conference, by a two-thirds majority of the members present and voting, so decides.

#### Voting rights

##### Rule 30

Every State party to the Treaty shall have one vote.

#### Meaning of the phrase "representatives present and voting"

##### Rule 31

For the purposes of these rules, the phrase "representatives present and voting" means representatives casting an affirmative or negative vote. Representatives who abstain from voting are considered as not voting.

#### Elections

##### Rule 32

All elections shall be held by secret ballot, unless the Conference decides otherwise in an election where the number of candidates does not exceed the number of elective places to be filled.

Rule 33

1. If, when only one elective place is to be filled, no candidate obtains in the first ballot the majority required, a second ballot shall be taken, confined to the two candidates having obtained the largest number of votes. If in the second ballot the votes are equally divided, the President shall decide between the candidates by drawing lots.

2. In the case of a tie in the first ballot among the candidates obtaining the second largest number of votes, a special ballot shall be held among such candidates for the purpose of reducing their number to two; similarly, in the case of a tie among three or more candidates obtaining the largest number of votes, a special ballot shall be held; if a tie again results in the special ballot, the President shall eliminate one candidate by drawing lots and thereafter another ballot shall be held in accordance with paragraph 1.

Rule 34

1. When two or more elective places are to be filled at one time under the same conditions, those candidates, in a number not exceeding the number of such places, obtaining in the first ballot the majority required and the largest number of votes, shall be elected.

2. If the number of candidates obtaining such majority is less than the number of places to be filled, additional ballots shall be held to fill the remaining places, provided that if only one place remains to be filled the procedures in rule 32 shall be applied. The ballot shall be restricted to the unsuccessful candidates having obtained the largest number of votes in the previous ballot, but not exceeding twice the number of places remaining to be filled. However, in the case of a tie between a greater number of unsuccessful candidates a special ballot shall be held for the purpose of reducing the number of candidates to the required number; if a tie again results among more than the required number of candidates, the President shall reduce their number to that required by drawing lots.

3. If such a restricted ballot (not counting a special ballot held under the conditions specified in the last sentence of paragraph 2) is inconclusive, the President shall decide among the candidates by drawing lots.

VII. OTHER APPROPRIATE BODIES OF THE CONFERENCE

Rule 35

The Conference may establish appropriate bodies. As a general rule each State party to the Treaty participating in the Conference may be represented in those bodies unless otherwise decided.

VIII. COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Rule 36

The Conference shall meet as a Committee of the Whole under the chairmanship of the President of the Conference for such purposes as the Conference may determine.

IX. OFFICERS AND PROCEDURES

Rule 37

The rules relating to officers, the Conference secretariat, conduct of business and voting of the Conference (contained in chapters II (rules 5-7), IV (rules 10-11), V (rules 13-27) and VI (rules 28-34) above) shall be applicable mutatis mutandis, to the proceedings of committees and other appropriate bodies, except that:

(a) Unless otherwise decided, any body established under rule 35 shall elect a chairman and such other officers as it may require;

(b) The Chairmen of the General Committee and the Credentials Committee and the chairmen of bodies established under rule 35 may vote in their capacity as representatives of their States;

(c) A majority of the representatives on the General Committee or the Credentials Committee shall constitute a quorum; the same may apply to any body established under rule 35 if the Conference so desires.

X. LANGUAGES AND RECORDS

Languages of the Conference

Rule 38

Arabic, English, French, Russian and Spanish shall be the official languages of the Conference.

Interpretation

Rule 39

1. Speeches made in a language of the Conference shall be interpreted into the other languages.

2. A representative may make a speech in a language other than a language of the Conference if he provides for interpretation into one such language.

Interpretations into the other languages of the Conference by interpreters of the secretariat may be based on the interpretation given in the first such language.

Language of official documents

Rule 40

Official documents shall be made available in the languages of the Conference.

Sound recordings of meetings

Rule 41

Sound recordings of meetings of the Conference and of all committees shall be made and kept in accordance with the practice of the United Nations. Unless otherwise decided, no such recordings shall be made of the meetings of any other appropriate body established under rule 35.

Summary records

Rule 42

1. Summary records of the plenary meetings of the Conference shall be prepared by the secretariat in the languages of the Conference. They shall be distributed in provisional form as soon as possible to all participants in the Conference. Participants in the debate may, within three working days of receipt of provisional summary records, submit corrections to summaries of their own interventions to the secretariat; in special circumstances, the presiding officer may, in consultation with the Secretary-General of the Conference, extend the time for submitting corrections. Any disagreement concerning such corrections shall be decided by the presiding officer of the body to which the record relates, after consulting, where necessary, the sound recordings of the proceedings. Separate corrigenda to provisional records shall not normally be issued.

2. The summary records, with any corrections incorporated, shall be distributed promptly to participants in the Conference.

XI. PUBLIC AND PRIVATE MEETINGS

Rule 43

1. The plenary meetings of the Conference and the meetings of the Committee of the Whole shall be held in public unless the body concerned decides otherwise.

2. Meetings of other organs of the Conference shall be held in private.

## XII. PARTICIPATION AND ATTENDANCE

### Rule 44

#### 1. Signatories

Any State signatory to the Treaty which has not yet ratified it shall be entitled to participate, without taking part in the adoption of decisions, whether by consensus or by vote, in the deliberations of the Conference, subject to prior written notification to the Secretary-General of the Conference. This means that any of those signatory States shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend plenary meetings and those of the Committee of the Whole; to address such meetings; to receive the documents of the Conference and to submit its views in writing to the Conference, which shall be considered as Conference documents.

#### 2. Observers

(a) Any other State which, in accordance with Article III of the Treaty, has the right to become a Party thereto but which has neither signed nor ratified it may apply to the Secretary-General of the Conference for Observer status, which will be accorded on the decision of the Conference.\* Such a State shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend meetings of the Plenary and of the Committee of the Whole other than those designated closed meetings, and to receive documents of the Conference. An Observer State shall also be entitled to submit documents to the participants in the Conference.

(b) Any national liberation organization entitled by the General Assembly of the United Nations\*\* to participate as an Observer in the sessions and the work of the General Assembly, all international Conferences convened under the auspices of the General Assembly, and all international Conferences convened under the auspices of other organs of the United Nations, may apply to the Secretary-General of the Conference for Observer status, which will be accorded on the decision of the Conference. Such a liberation organization shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend meetings of the Plenary and of the Committee of the Whole other than those designated closed meetings, and to receive documents of the Conference. An Observer organization shall also be entitled to submit documents to the participants in the Conference.

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\* It is understood that any such decision will be in accordance with the practice of the United Nations General Assembly.

\*\* Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 3237 (XXIX) of 22 November 1974 and 3280 (XXIX) of 10 December 1974.

3. The Secretary-General of the United Nations, the Secretary-General of the Conference on Disarmament and the Director-General of the International Atomic Energy Agency

The Secretary-General of the United Nations, the Secretary-General of the Conference on Disarmament and the Director-General of the International Atomic Energy Agency or their respective representative or representatives shall be entitled to attend plenary meetings, meetings of the Committee of the Whole and those of any other appropriate body established under rule 35 and to receive the Conference documents. They shall also be entitled to submit material, both orally and in writing.

4. Specialized agencies and intergovernmental organizations

The Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America, other relevant intergovernmental organizations and any specialized agency of the United Nations may apply to the Secretary-General of the Conference for Observer Agency status, which will be accorded on the decision of the Conference. An Observer Agency shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend plenary meetings, meetings of the Committee of the Whole and those of any other appropriate body established under rule 35 other than those designated as closed meetings and to receive the documents of the Conference. At their request, the Conference may authorize the Observer Agencies to present, orally or in writing, their views and comments on aspects falling within their competence. Those which are submitted in writing will be circulated as documents of the Conference.

5. Non-governmental organizations

Representatives of non-governmental organizations who attend plenary meetings and meetings of the Committee of the Whole will be entitled upon request to receive the documents of the Conference.

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BACKGROUND DOCUMENT

The Secretariat should prepare for the Amendment Conference a brief background document covering the following points and drawing on, as far as possible, relevant existing documentation:

- I. An account of the convening of the Amendment Conference.
- II. Compilation of material on:
  - A. A historical review of the role ascribed to a comprehensive test ban in contributing to the cessation of the nuclear-arms race.
  - B. Nuclear-weapon-test explosions and any other nuclear explosions conducted since August 5, 1963.
  - C. United Nations General Assembly resolutions relevant to the question of a comprehensive nuclear test ban and a moratorium on nuclear-weapon testing.
  - D. Multilateral, regional and bilateral agreements and other initiatives related to a comprehensive nuclear-test ban.
  - E. 1980 Report of the Secretary-General on a CTB (A/35/257).
- III. The implications of a comprehensive test ban for:
  - A. The nuclear-arms race and the development of new weapon systems that involve nuclear testing, including those for outer space.
  - B. The environment, including social and economic aspects.
  - C. All aspects of the proliferation of nuclear weapons.
  - D. Peaceful uses of nuclear energy.

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IV. Verification of a comprehensive test ban.

V. Any other relevant documents.

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**Meeting of the States Parties  
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PTBT/CONF/M/13  
7 June 1990

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

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29 May-8 June 1990  
New York

Draft Final Report of the Meeting of the States Parties to the  
Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in  
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Organization and work of the Meeting

1. At its forty-fourth session the General Assembly of the United Nations, in its resolution 44/106, recommended that a preparatory committee, open to all Parties to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water, should be established to make arrangements for the Amendment Conference and that such preparatory committee should meet at United Nations Headquarters from 29 May to 1 June 1990, followed by a one-week session of the Conference from 4 to 8 June 1990 and a second substantive session from 7 to 18 January 1991.
2. Following the adoption of resolution 44/106, six meetings of the States Parties to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water and 15 open-ended informal consultations took place between 12 January and 25 May 1990.
3. At their meeting on 8 March 1990, the States Parties to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water decided to hold the Amendment Conference in New York from 7-18 January 1991, preceded by the Meeting for the Organization of the Conference from 29 May to 8 June 1990.
4. The following 70 States Parties participated in the work of the Meeting which took place at United Nations Headquarters in New York, from 29 May to 8 June 1990:

Afghanistan, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Belgium, Bhutan, Brazil, Bulgaria, Byelorussian SSR, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg,

Madagascar, Malaysia, Malta, Mexico, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Republic of Korea, Romania, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Turkey, Ukrainian SSR, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia.

5. The composition of the delegations participating in the Meeting has been issued in document PTBT/CONF/M/INF/1 and Add.1.
6. During the course of the Meeting, the States Parties held 13 plenary meetings, as well as a number of meetings devoted to informal consultations.
7. The Meeting was opened by Mr. Yasushi Akashi, Under-Secretary-General for Disarmament Affairs, who represented the Secretary-General of the United Nations.
8. The States Parties then elected by acclamation Mr. Edmond Jayasinghe, Ambassador of Sri Lanka, as President of the Meeting.  
Ms. Jill Bernardine Courtney, First Secretary of the Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations, and Mr. Ivan Sotirov, Deputy Permanent Representative of Bulgaria were elected by acclamation as Vice-Presidents of the Meeting.
9. In response to a request of the States Parties to designate an official as Secretary-General of the Meeting and of the Conference, the Secretary-General of the United Nations nominated Mr. Sohrab Kheradi, Principal Officer of the Department for Disarmament Affairs as the Provisional Secretary-General of the Meeting and of the Conference to be confirmed respectively by those bodies themselves. At its 1st meeting on 29 May, the States Parties confirmed the nomination of Mr. Sohrab Kheradi as the Secretary-General of the Meeting.
10. At its 1st meeting, on 29 May 1990, the Meeting adopted its provisional agenda as contained in document PTBT/CONF/M/1, which was orally amended at the 12th meeting on 8 June 1990 and is contained in document PTBT/CONF/M/1/Rev.1.
11. At the first meeting, the States Parties adopted the Rules of Procedure of the Meeting as contained in document PTBT/CONF/M/2.
12. Also at the same meeting the States Parties adopted the programme of work as contained in document PTBT/CONF/M/3.
13. At their 9th meeting, on 5 June 1990, the States Parties decided to accept the estimated costs of the Meeting and the Amendment Conference as set out in document PTBT/CONF/M/4. In that respect, the President also noted that the figures contained therein would be revised prior to the Amendment Conference in order to reflect the actual costs of the Meeting as well as any adjustments in the estimated costs of the Conference, and that a document containing these revisions would be provided to the Conference for its consideration.

14. During the course of consideration of the arrangements for meeting the costs of the Meeting and the Conference as contained in document PTBT/CONF/M/7, the States Parties adopted the following cost-sharing formula:

I. The costs of the Conference, including the Meeting for its organization, will be met by the States Parties to the Treaty who participate in the Meeting or the Conference and by the States which have signed but not yet ratified the Treaty and which accept the invitation to participate in the Meeting or the Conference;

II. The costs will be shared in accordance with the United Nations scale of assessments, subject to the adjustments below:

(a) The three Original Parties specified in Article III 2 of the Treaty will pay, as offered by them, one third of the cost;

(b) No State Party or signatory will be required to pay more than the largest contributor under the United Nations scale of assessment.

III. The outstanding costs arising from the above will be met by voluntary contributions.

15. With respect to the cost-sharing formula as specified above (see PTBT/CONF/M/4 and Add.1, which will be part of the final report to be submitted to the Amendment Conference), it is understood that the President of the Meeting will appropriately advise the Secretary-General of the United Nations concerning the modalities involved in meeting 100 per cent of the costs of the Meeting and the Conference. He also noted the understanding that these financial arrangements for the Meeting and the Conference do not constitute a precedent.

16. Under item 9 of the agenda of the Meeting, a general exchange of views took place between 30 May and 4 June 1990, during the course of which 29 States Parties made statements.

17. Under item 10 concerning organization of the Conference, the Meeting, inter alia, considered issues related to: (a) provisional agenda, (b) draft rules of procedure, and (c) background documentation.

18. In connection with agenda item 10, the States Parties at the 7th meeting, on 31 May, decided to establish two open-ended working groups on: (a) "Draft Rules of procedure", chaired by Mr. Ivan Sotirov (Bulgaria), Vice-President of the Meeting and (b) "Background documentation", chaired by Ms. Jill Bernardine Courtney (Australia), Vice-President of the Meeting. The first Working Group held six meetings and the second Working Group held three meetings. The Chairmen of the Working Groups presented oral reports on the work of their respective working groups to the States Parties at the 10th and 11th meetings on 6 and 7 June 1990.

19. At its 13th meeting, the States Parties to the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water decided to transmit to the Conference for its consideration and adoption the following documents:

- (a) Provisional agenda (document PTBT/CONF/M/10);
- (b) Draft rules of procedure (document PTBT/CONF/M/11);
- (c) Background documentation (document PTBT/CONF/M/12).

20. Documents containing a record of decisions have been issued under the symbols PTBT/CONF/M/DEC.1 to DEC.6.

21. Other documents have been issued under the symbols PTBT/CONF/M/1 to 13.

22. At its 13th plenary meeting, on 8 June, the Meeting adopted its final report to be transmitted to the Amendment Conference for the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water. The report consists of five Parts: I. Organization and Work of the Meeting; II. Summary Records; III. Record of decisions; IV. List of other documents and V. Estimated costs of the Meeting and the Amendment Conference (PTBT/CONF/M/4 and Add.1).

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